

# 2024 Korea-Japan-Taiwan Joint Epidemiology Seminar

**Date & Time:** Oct. 25 (Fri), 14:00-16:30

**Venue:** Room 108

**Host:** Korean Society of Epidemiology

## “Social determinants of health research in Epidemiology”

Moderator	Eun Young Park	(Korea University, Korea)
Co-Chairs	Chihaya Koriyama	(Kagoshima University, Japan)
	Aesun Shin	(Seoul National University, Korea)
14:00-14:05	<b>Opening &amp; Introduction</b>	
14:05-14:15	<b>Congratulatory remarks</b>	
	Sun Ha Jee	(President, Korean Society of Epidemiology, Korea)
	Akiko Tamakoshi	(President, Japan Epidemiological Association, Japan)
	Chyi-Huey Bai	(President, Taiwan Epidemiology Association, Taiwan)
14:15-14:45	Kaori Honjo	(Osaka Medical and Pharmaceutical University, Japan)
	<i>Social Determinants of Health in Japan</i>	
14:45-15:15	Sun Jae Jung	(Yonsei University, Korea)
	<i>Understanding Social Determinants of Health and Mental Health: Measurements, Results, and Implications</i>	
15:15-15:45	Hung-Yi Chiou	(National Health Research Institute, Taiwan)
	<i>Social Determinants and Epidemiological Research Across the Life Course in Taiwan: Multidimensional Analysis and Cross-Domain Integration from Birth to Death</i>	
15:45-16:30	Q&A , Discussion	

### Abstract

Social determinants of health are the conditions in which people are born, grow, live, work, and age that shape health outcomes. These factors are often outside of an individual's control and include socioeconomic status, education, neighborhood and physical environment, employment, social support networks, and access to health care services. Social determinants play a significant role in determining health disparities and inequalities, as they influence access to resources and opportunities that can either promote or hinder health and well-being. Addressing social determinants of health is crucial for improving overall population health and reducing health inequities.

This session offers the opportunity to bring together epidemiologists in Korea, Japan and Taiwan to share their valuable experiences and discuss their findings.